

HAWKINS VALLEY
DRAINAGE CALCULATIONS – SUMMARY
1/7/2025

DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

Hawkins Valley subdivision is an approximately 7.11 Acre development located in the Saline County, Arkansas approximately three miles north of Springhill Road. There are three drainage basins on the site. Basin 1 and 3 will be captured future phases. Basin 2 will be detained in a pipe network storage located in the western end of the site. The detention for the storage network will be underground in 42" HDPE pipe.

Stormwater Calculations were prepared with the intent to comply with the City of Bryant's Drainage Code. The primary intent of this analysis is to produce a drainage system adequately sized to convey post development runoff while attenuating post development discharge levels equal to or less than pre development flows.

Hydraulic calculations were made using the Rational Method. Design frequencies were analyzed for 2, 5, 10, 25, 50, and 100-year return periods.

These calculations are divided into the following sections:

Summary of Drainage Basins

Summary of Inlets

Summary of Pipes

Pipe Network Storage Summary

Appendices

Exhibit A – Pre-Development Drainage Basins

Exhibit B – Post-Development Drainage Basins

HAWKINS VALLEY
DRAINAGE CALCULATIONS – SUMMARY
1/7/2025

SUMMARY OF DRAINAGE BASINS

PRE-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS

The entire area for pre-existing drainage area of the site drains to a creek to the east. There are three drainage basins in the site that flows through the site then discharges onto the creek. Basin 1 and 3 will be captured in future phases. Basin 2 will be captured and detained.

POST-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS

As previously described, this site is being developed into a residential subdivision. Slopes range from 2% to 10%. Runoff drains from the developed areas to underground detention in the east of the subdivision.

SUMMARY OF INLETS

On the drainage plan you will see labels for all of the inlets for these calculations. The flows shown are for the 10-year return storm. The distance from the back of the curb to the center of the street are 14 feet and 18 feet.

SUMMARY OF PIPES

All pipes used in this project are HDPE and RCP. Therefore, a manning's of 0.012 was used on all pipes in the analysis.

PIPE NETWORK STORAGE SUMMARY

The pipe network storage in these calculations detains flows from all of the runoff of the site. The pipe network storage is located parallel on the Hawkins Valley Drive. Water collected in the storm water system is discharged into the pipe network via a curb inlet. The pipe network storage is made of 277 linear feet of 42" HDPE pipe and has a volume of 2,665 cf. A concrete control structure is constructed on the end of the pipe network storage. This control structure uses a slotted weir to limit the discharge through the structure to that of the 2, 10, 25, 50, and 100-year pre-development flow. The pipe network storage is designed to hold the 100-year storm event.

Stormwater Calcs - Hawkins Valley
Using Rational Method

Pre-development

Calculated Tc values - Drainage Basin 1

$$T_c = \frac{56 * L^{.6} * n^{.6}}{i^{.4} * S^{.3}} \text{ seconds}$$

L1 =	360	feet
n1 =	0.1	Heavy Stand of Timber
S1 =	0.045	ft/ft
I _{assumed} =	7.20	inches
T _c _{calculated}	553	seconds
T _c _{calculated}	9.22	minutes

Tc =	9.22	minutes
I =	7.20	inches

Tc for 25-yr Storm from Exhibit 400-1 of Bryant Drainage Manual
i for 25-yr Storm from Exhibit 400-1 of Bryant Drainage Manual

Use Tc = **9.50** minutes

I ₁₀₀ =	8.6	Inches	I ₁₀ =	6.3	Inches
I ₅₀ =	8	Inches	I ₅ =	5.7	Inches
I ₂₅ =	7.20	Inches	I ₂ =	4.8	Inches

Calculated Tc values - Drainage Basin 2

$$T_c = \frac{56 * L^{.6} * n^{.6}}{i^{.4} * S^{.3}} \text{ seconds}$$

L1 =	590	feet
n1 =	0.1	Heavy Stand of Timber
S1 =	0.0695	ft/ft
I _{assumed} =	6.90	inches
T _c _{calculated}	665	seconds
T _c _{calculated}	11.08	minutes

Tc =	11.08	minutes
I =	6.90	inches

Tc for 25-yr Storm from Exhibit 400-1 of Bryant Drainage Manual
i for 25-yr Storm from Exhibit 400-1 of Bryant Drainage Manual

Use Tc = **11.00** minutes

I ₁₀₀ =	8.4	Inches	I ₁₀ =	6.0	Inches
I ₅₀ =	7.7	Inches	I ₅ =	5.5	Inches
I ₂₅ =	6.90	Inches	I ₂ =	4.7	Inches

Calculated Tc values - Drainage Basin 3

$$T_c = \frac{56 * L^{.6} * n^{.6}}{i^{.4} * S^{.3}} \text{ seconds}$$

L1 =	225	feet
n1 =	0.1	Heavy Stand of Timber
S1 =	0.031	ft/ft
I _{assumed} =	7.80	inches
T _c _{calculated}	452	seconds
T _c _{calculated}	7.54	minutes

Tc =	7.54	minutes
I =	7.80	inches

Tc for 25-yr Storm from Exhibit 400-1 of Bryant Drainage Manual
i for 25-yr Storm from Exhibit 400-1 of Bryant Drainage Manual

Use Tc = **7.50** minutes

I ₁₀₀ =	9.3	Inches	I ₁₀ =	6.8	Inches
I ₅₀ =	8.7	Inches	I ₅ =	6.2	Inches
I ₂₅ =	7.80	Inches	I ₂ =	5.3	Inches

Stormwater Calcs - Hawkins Valley
using Rational Method

Pre-development

Calculated C values - Drainage Basin 1

	Area	C ₁₀₀	C ₅₀	C ₂₅	C ₁₀	C ₅	C ₂
Undeveloped	3.82	0.47	0.43	0.4	0.36	0.34	0.31
Total Area =	3.82	0.47	0.43	0.40	0.36	0.34	0.31

(C values taken from Table 400-2 of City of Bryant Drainage Manual)

Woodlands, Average, 2-7%

Calculated C values - Drainage Basin 2

	Area	C ₁₀₀	C ₅₀	C ₂₅	C ₁₀	C ₅	C ₂
Greenspace	2.60	0.47	0.43	0.4	0.36	0.34	0.31
Total Area =	2.60	0.47	0.43	0.40	0.36	0.34	0.31

(C values taken from Table 400-2 of City of Bryant Drainage Manual)

Woodlands, Average, 2-7%

Calculated C values - Drainage Basin 3

	Area	C ₁₀₀	C ₅₀	C ₂₅	C ₁₀	C ₅	C ₂
Greenspace	2.5	0.47	0.43	0.4	0.36	0.34	0.31
Total Area =	2.50	0.47	0.43	0.40	0.36	0.34	0.31

(C values taken from Table 400-2 of City of Bryant Drainage Manual)

Woodlands, Average, 2-7%

Stormwater Calcs - Hawkins Valley
Using Rational Method

Post-development

Calculated Tc values - Drainage Basin 1

$T_c = \frac{56 * L^{.6} * n^{.6}}{i^{.4} * S^{.3}}$ seconds			$T_c = \frac{.6 * L^{.6} * n^{.6}}{i^{.4} * S^{.3}}$ seconds		
L1 =	730	feet			
n1 =	0.013	Smooth Concrete/Asphalt			
S1 =	0.012	ft/ft			
I _{assumed} =	8.20	inches			
T _c _{calculated}	351	seconds			
T _c _{calculated}	5.85	minutes			
			Tc for 25-yr Storm from Exhibit 400-1 of Bryant Drainage Manual		
Tc =	5.85	minutes	i for 25-yr Storm from Exhibit 400-1 of Bryant Drainage Manual		
I =	8.20	inches			
Use Tc =	6.00	minutes	I ₁₀₀ =	9.8 Inches	I ₁₀ = 7.2 Inches
			I ₅₀ =	9.1 Inches	I ₅ = 6.5 Inches
			I ₂₅ =	8.2 Inches	I ₂ = 5.6 Inches

Calculated Tc values - Drainage Basin 2

$T_c = \frac{56 * L^{.6} * n^{.6}}{i^{.4} * S^{.3}}$ seconds					
L1 =	50	feet	L1 =	625	feet
n1 =	0.013	Grass	n1 =	0.012	Concrete
S1 =	0.025	ft/ft	S1 =	0.06	ft/ft
I _{assumed} =	8.40	inches	I _{assumed} =	8.40	inches
T _c _{calculated}	56	seconds	T _c _{calculated}	186	seconds
T _c _{calculated}	0.93	minutes	T _c _{calculated}	3.10	minutes
			Tc for 25-yr Storm from Exhibit 400-1 of Bryant Drainage Manual		
Tc =	4.03	minutes	i for 25-yr Storm from Exhibit 400-1 of Bryant Drainage Manual		
I =	8.40	inches			
Use Tc =	5.00	minutes	I ₁₀₀ =	10 Inches	I ₁₀ = 7.6 Inches
			I ₅₀ =	9.4 Inches	I ₅ = 6.8 Inches
			I ₂₅ =	8.4 Inches	I ₂ = 5.9 Inches

Calculated Tc values - Drainage Basin 3

$T_c = \frac{56 * L^{.6} * n^{.6}}{i^{.4} * S^{.3}}$ seconds					
L1 =	780	feet			
n1 =	0.013	Concrete Smooth Forms			
S1 =	0.006	ft/ft			
I _{assumed} =	7.60	inches			
T _c _{calculated}	463	seconds			
T _c _{calculated}	7.72	minutes			
			Tc for 25-yr Storm from Exhibit 400-1 of Bryant Drainage Manual		
Tc =	7.72	minutes	i for 25-yr Storm from Exhibit 400-1 of Bryant Drainage Manual		
I =	7.60	inches			
Use Tc =	8.00	minutes	I ₁₀₀ =	9.1 Inches	I ₁₀ = 6.7 Inches
			I ₅₀ =	8.4 Inches	I ₅ = 6.0 Inches
			I ₂₅ =	7.6 Inches	I ₂ = 5.2 Inches

Stormwater Calcs - Hawkins Valley
using Rational Method

Post-development

Calculated C values - Drainage Basin 1

	Area	C ₁₀₀	C ₅₀	C ₂₅	C ₁₀	C ₅	C ₂
Single Family House	2.16	0.70	0.65	0.60	0.50	0.45	0.40
Total Area =	2.16	0.70	0.65	0.60	0.50	0.45	0.40

(C values taken from Table 400-2 of City of Bryant Drainage Manual)

Calculated C values - Drainage Basin 2

	Area	C ₁₀₀	C ₅₀	C ₂₅	C ₁₀	C ₅	C ₂
Single Family House	2.29	0.70	0.65	0.60	0.50	0.45	0.40
Total Area =	2.29	0.70	0.65	0.60	0.50	0.45	0.40

Calculated C values - Drainage Basin 3

	Area	C ₁₀₀	C ₅₀	C ₂₅	C ₁₀	C ₅	C ₂
Single Family House	2.66	0.70	0.65	0.60	0.50	0.45	0.40
Total Area =	2.66	0.70	0.65	0.60	0.50	0.45	0.40

Stormwater Calcs - Hawkins Valley
using Rational Method

Pre-development

Drainage Basin 1

Q ₁₀₀ =	15.44 CFS	Q ₅₀ =	13.14 CFS	Q ₂₅ =	11.00 CFS	Q ₁₀ =	8.66 CFS	Q ₅ =	7.40 CFS	Q ₂ =	5.68 CFS
c =	0.47	c =	0.43	c =	0.40	c =	0.36	c =	0.34	c =	0.31
i =	8.60 in/hr	i =	8.00 in/hr	i =	7.20 in/hr	i =	6.30 in/hr	i =	5.70 in/hr	i =	4.80 in/hr
A =	3.82 acres	A =	3.82 acres	A =	3.82 acres	A =	3.82 acres	A =	3.82 acres	A =	3.82 acres

Drainage Basin 2

Q ₁₀₀ =	10.26 CFS	Q ₅₀ =	8.61 CFS	Q ₂₅ =	7.18 CFS	Q ₁₀ =	5.62 CFS	Q ₅ =	4.86 CFS	Q ₂ =	3.79 CFS
c =	0.47	c =	0.43	c =	0.40	c =	0.36	c =	0.34	c =	0.31
i =	8.40 in/hr	i =	7.70 in/hr	i =	6.90 in/hr	i =	6.00 in/hr	i =	5.50 in/hr	i =	4.70 in/hr
A =	2.60 acres	A =	2.60 acres	A =	2.60 acres	A =	2.60 acres	A =	2.60 acres	A =	2.60 acres

Drainage Basin 3

Q ₁₀₀ =	10.93 CFS	Q ₅₀ =	9.35 CFS	Q ₂₅ =	7.80 CFS	Q ₁₀ =	6.12 CFS	Q ₅ =	5.27 CFS	Q ₂ =	4.11 CFS
c =	0.47	c =	0.43	c =	0.40	c =	0.36	c =	0.34	c =	0.31
i =	9.30 in/hr	i =	8.70 in/hr	i =	7.80 in/hr	i =	6.80 in/hr	i =	6.20 in/hr	i =	5.30 in/hr
A =	2.50 acres	A =	2.50 acres	A =	2.50 acres	A =	2.50 acres	A =	2.50 acres	A =	2.50 acres

Post-development

Drainage Basin 1

Q ₁₀₀ =	14.82 CFS	Q ₅₀ =	12.78 CFS	Q ₂₅ =	10.63 CFS	Q ₁₀ =	7.78 CFS	Q ₅ =	6.32 CFS	Q ₂ =	4.84 CFS
c =	0.70	c =	0.65	c =	0.60	c =	0.50	c =	0.45	c =	0.40
i =	9.80 in/hr	i =	9.10 in/hr	i =	8.20 in/hr	i =	7.20 in/hr	i =	6.50 in/hr	i =	5.60 in/hr
A =	2.16 acres	A =	2.16 acres	A =	2.16 acres	A =	2.16 acres	A =	2.16 acres	A =	2.16 acres

Drainage Basin 2

Q ₁₀₀ =	16.03 CFS	Q ₅₀ =	13.99 CFS	Q ₂₅ =	11.54 CFS	Q ₁₀ =	8.70 CFS	Q ₅ =	7.01 CFS	Q ₂ =	5.40 CFS
c =	0.70	c =	0.65	c =	0.60	c =	0.50	c =	0.45	c =	0.40
i =	10.00 in/hr	i =	9.40 in/hr	i =	8.40 in/hr	i =	7.60 in/hr	i =	6.80 in/hr	i =	5.90 in/hr
A =	2.29 acres	A =	2.29 acres	A =	2.29 acres	A =	2.29 acres	A =	2.29 acres	A =	2.29 acres

Drainage Basin 3

Q ₁₀₀ =	16.94 CFS	Q ₅₀ =	14.52 CFS	Q ₂₅ =	12.13 CFS	Q ₁₀ =	8.91 CFS	Q ₅ =	7.18 CFS	Q ₂ =	5.53 CFS
c =	0.70	c =	0.65	c =	0.60	c =	0.50	c =	0.45	c =	0.40
i =	9.10 in/hr	i =	8.40 in/hr	i =	7.60 in/hr	i =	6.70 in/hr	i =	6.00 in/hr	i =	5.20 in/hr
A =	2.66 acres	A =	2.66 acres	A =	2.66 acres	A =	2.66 acres	A =	2.66 acres	A =	2.66 acres

Detention Volume

Pond-1 for Q100	
Cundev=	0.47
lundev=	8.40 in/hr
Cdev=	0.70
ldev=	10.00 in/hr
R=	3.05
A=	2.29 acres
Tc=	5.00 minutes
	60 sec/min
Detention Volume=	2,097 cubic feet

$$R = (Cdev * ldev) - (Cundev * lundev)$$
$$Detention Volume = R * A * Tc * 60$$

Stormwater Calcs - Hawkins Valley
using Rational Method
Required Detention Pipe

Pond Volume	
Volume Required	2096.72 CF
Use 42" Pipe	
Dia =	42.00
A =	9.62 SF
L (required) =	217.93 FT

OR

Pond Volume	
Volume Required	2096.72 CF
Use 30" Pipe	
Dia =	30.00
A =	4.91 SF
L (required) =	427.14 FT

Stormwater Calcs - Hawkins Valley
using Rational Method
Culvert Detention Sizes

PIPE NAME	DIAMETER (IN)	LENGTH (FT)	AREA (SF)	VOLUME (CF)
D-1	42.00	236	9.62	2270.59
D-2	42.00	41	9.62	394.47
TOTAL		277		2665.06

Stormwater Calcs - Hawkins Valley
using Rational Method
Weir Sizing

Storm Event	Flow (cfs)
Q2 - Pre	3.79
Q10 - Pre	5.62
Q25 - Pre	7.18
Q50 - Pre	8.61
Q100 - Pre	10.26
Q2 - Post	5.40
Q10 - Post	8.70
Q25 - Post	11.54
Q50 - Post	13.99
Q100 - Post	16.03

Rectangular Weir

Q2

Q (cfs)	CLH^1.5
C	2.5
L	0.625
H	1.8
Q (cfs)	3.77

7.5"

Q10

Q (cfs)	CLH^1.5
C	2.5
L	0.625
H	2.3
Q (cfs)	5.45

7.5"

Q25

Q (cfs)	CLH^1.5
C	2.5
L	0.625
H	2.75
Q (cfs)	7.13

7.5"

Q50

Q (cfs)	CLH^1.5
C	2.5
L	0.625
H	3.1
Q (cfs)	8.53

7.5"

Q100

Q (cfs)	CLH^1.5
C	2.5
L	0.625
H	3.5
Q (cfs)	10.23

7.5"

Stormwater Calcs - Hawkins Valley
using Rational Method
Culvert Capacities

CI-1
Q₂₅ = 0.94 CFS
c = 0.86 Road/Asphalt
i = 8.4 in/hr
A = 0.13 acres

CI-2
Q₂₅ = 0.65 CFS
c = 0.86 Road/Asphalt
i = 8.4 in/hr
A = 0.09 acres

CI-3
Q₂₅ = 8.38 CFS
c = 0.86 Road/Asphalt
i = 8.4 in/hr
A = 1.16 acres

CI-4
Q₂₅ = 0.72 CFS
c = 0.86 Road/Asphalt
i = 8.4 in/hr
A = 0.10 acres

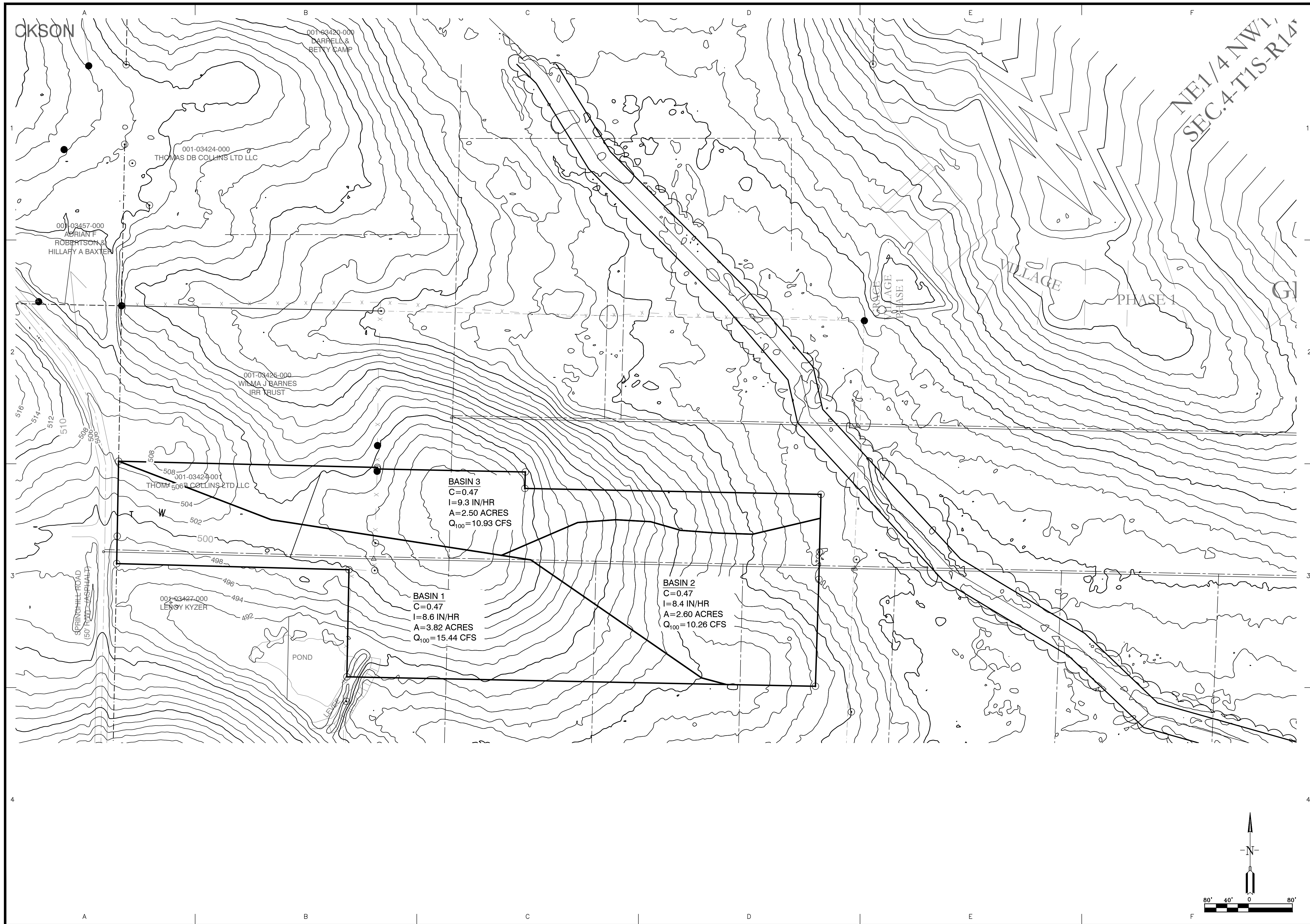
CI-5
Q₂₅ = 6.50 CFS
c = 0.86 Road/Asphalt
i = 8.4 in/hr
A = 0.90 acres

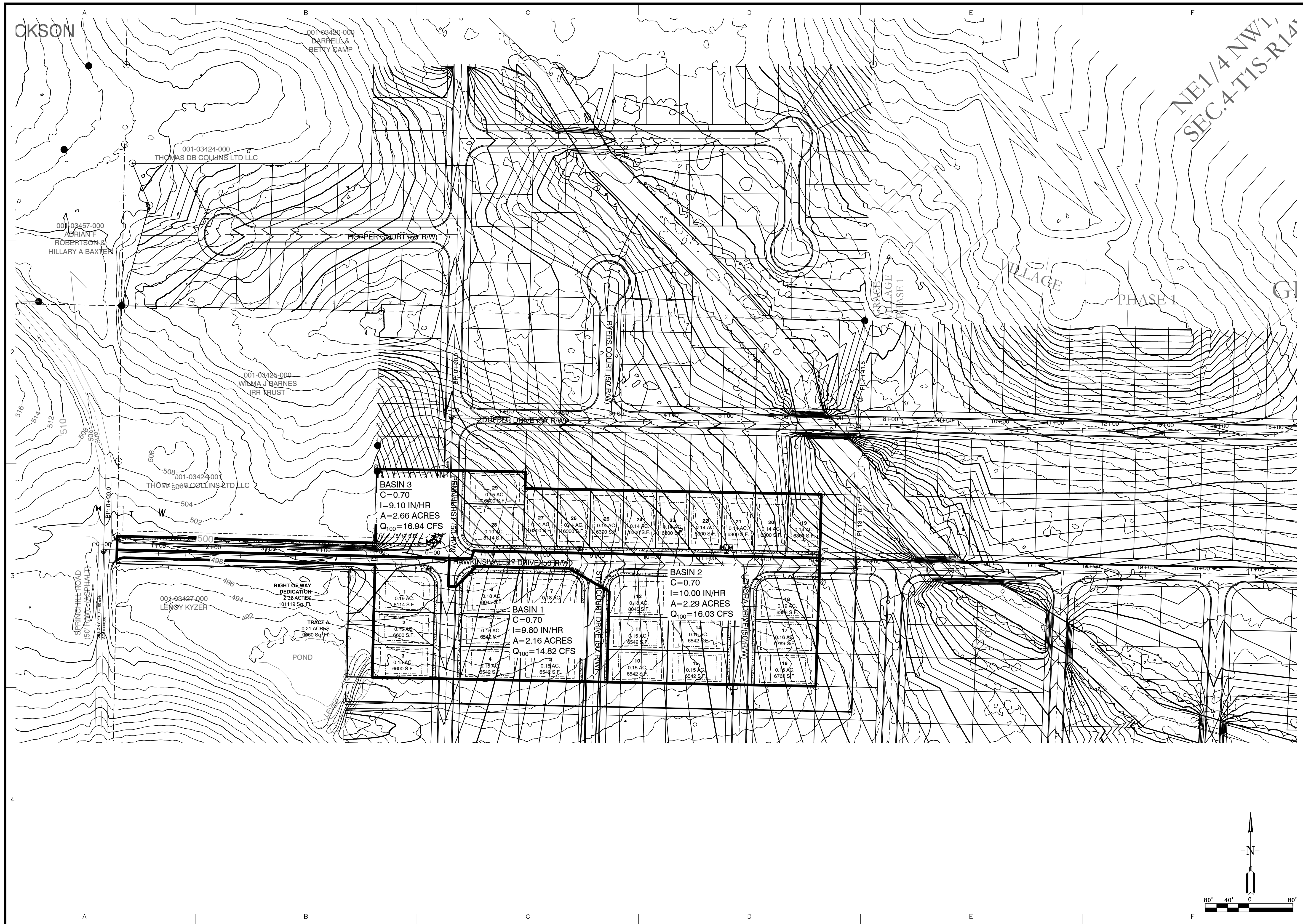
CI-6
Q₂₅ = 0.58 CFS
c = 0.86 Road/Asphalt
i = 8.4 in/hr
A = 0.08 acres

Pipe Name	From	To	Design Flow (cfs): Slope (ft/ft): Diameter (inches)			No. Pipes	Manning's	Area Full (sf)	Wetted Perimeter Full (ft)	Hydraulic Radius Full (ft)	Flow Capacity (cfs)	% Capacity
18" RCP	CI-1	CI-2	0.94	0.0210	18	1	0.012	1.77	4.712	0.375	16.49	6%
18" HDPE	CI-2	CI-4	1.59	0.0310	18	1	0.012	1.77	4.712	0.375	20.04	8%
18" RCP	CI-3	CI-4	9.97	0.0140	18	1	0.012	1.77	4.712	0.375	13.46	74%
42" HDPE	CI-4	CI-6	10.69	0.0004	42	1	0.012	9.62	10.996	0.875	20.97	51%
42" RCP	CI-5	CI-6	17.19	0.0004	42	1	0.012	9.62	10.996	0.875	20.97	82%

Stormwater Calcs - Hawkins Valley
using Rational Method
Outlet Pipe Capacity

Pipe Name	From	To	Design Flow (cfs):	Slope (ft/ft):	Diameter (inches)	No. Pipes	Manning's	Area Full (sf)	Wetted Perimeter Full (ft)	Hydraulic Radius Full (ft)	Flow Capacity (cfs)	% Capacity
18" HDPE	CI-6	FES-1	10.26	0.0340	18	1	0.012	1.77	4.712	0.375	20.98	49%

[illegible]



GNE	Designing our client's success		DATE	REVISION	BY
HAWKINS VALLEY SPRINGHILL RD & STRAWBERRY LN SALINE COUNTY, ARKANSAS			GarNat Engineering, LLC		
			P.O. Box 116	3825 Mt Carmel Rd	
			Benton, AR 72018	Bryant, AR 72022	
			Ph (501) 408-4450	garnatengineering@gmail.com	
PRELIMINARY			CONTENTS:		
			POST DRAINAGE BASIN		
			PROJECT NO: 24076		
			DATE: JAN 2025		
			SHEET NO: 2.0		

Stormwater Calcs - Hawkins Valley
Using Rational Method

Post-development Basin

Calculated Tc values - Drainage Basin SDMH-C1

$$T_c = \frac{56 * L^{.6} * n^{.6}}{i^{.4} * S^{.3}} \text{ seconds}$$

L1 = 300 feet

n1 = 0.013 Smooth Concrete/Asphalt

S1 = 0.031 ft/ft

I_{assumed} = 7.60 inches

T_c_{calculated} 160 seconds

T_c_{calculated} 2.66 minutes

Tc = 2.66 minutes

I = 7.60 inches

Use Tc = **5.00** minutes

Calculated Tc values - Drainage Basin SDMH-C3

$$T_c = \frac{56 * L^{.6} * n^{.6}}{i^{.4} * S^{.3}} \text{ seconds}$$

L1 = 290 feet

n1 = 0.025 Grass and Roof

S1 = 0.031 ft/ft

I_{assumed} = 7.60 inches

T_c_{calculated} 232 seconds

T_c_{calculated} 3.86 minutes

Tc = 3.86 minutes

I = 7.60 inches

Use Tc = **5.00** minutes

Stormwater Calcs - Hawkins Valley
 using Rational Method
 POST-DEV C VALUES

SDMH-C1					
	Area	C ₁₀	C ₂₅	C ₁₀₀	(C values taken from Table 400-2 of City of Bryant Drainage Manual)
	0.13	0.81	0.86	0.95	Road/Asphalt
Total Area =	0.13	0.81	0.86	0.95	

SDMH-C2					
	Area	C ₁₀	C ₂₅	C ₁₀₀	(C values taken from Table 400-2 of City of Bryant Drainage Manual)
	0.09	0.81	0.86	0.95	Road/Asphalt
Total Area =	0.09	0.81	0.86	0.95	

SDMH-C3					
	Area	C ₁₀	C ₂₅	C ₁₀₀	(C values taken from Table 400-2 of City of Bryant Drainage Manual)
	1.16	0.5	0.6	0.7	Single Family House
Total Area =	1.16	0.50	0.60	0.70	

SDMH-C4

	Area	C ₁₀	C ₂₅	C ₁₀₀	(C values taken from Table 400-2 of City of Bryant Drainage Manual)
	0.10	0.81	0.86	0.95	Road/Asphalt
Total Area =	0.10	0.81	0.86	0.95	

SDMH-C5

	Area	C ₁₀	C ₂₅	C ₁₀₀	(C values taken from Table 400-2 of City of Bryant Drainage Manual)
	0.90	0.5	0.6	0.7	Single Family House
Total Area =	0.90	0.50	0.60	0.70	

SDMH-C6

	Area	C ₁₀	C ₂₅	C ₁₀₀	(C values taken from Table 400-2 of City of Bryant Drainage Manual)
	0.08	0.81	0.86	0.95	Road/Asphalt
Total Area =	0.08	0.81	0.86	0.95	

Stormwater Calcs - Hawkins Valley
using Rational Method
Post Development Flowrates

SDMH-C1

$Q_{10} =$ 0.80 CFS
 $c =$ 0.81
 $i =$ 7.60 in/hr
 $A =$ 0.13 acres

SDMH-C2

$Q_{10} =$ 0.56 CFS
 $c =$ 0.81
 $i =$ 7.60 in/hr
 $A =$ 0.09 acres

SDMH-C3

$Q_{10} =$ 4.41 CFS
 $c =$ 0.50
 $i =$ 7.60 in/hr
 $A =$ 1.16 acres

SDMH-C4

$Q_{10} =$ 0.62 CFS
 $c =$ 0.81
 $i =$ 7.60 in/hr
 $A =$ 0.10 acres

SDMH-C5

$Q_{10} =$ 3.42 CFS
 $c =$ 0.50
 $i =$ 7.60 in/hr
 $A =$ 0.90 acres

SDMH-C6

$Q_{10} =$ 0.46 CFS
 $c =$ 0.81
 $i =$ 7.60 in/hr
 $A =$ 0.08 acres

Hawkins Valley GUTTER SPREAD 10-YR STORM

SDMH-C1

$$T = \left(\frac{Q * n}{k_u * S_x^{1.67} * S_L^{0.5}} \right)^{.375}$$

Q	0.80 cfs
n	0.012
k _u	0.56
S _x	0.028
S _L	0.031
T	<u>3.92</u> ft

SDMH-C2

$$T = \left(\frac{Q * n}{k_u * S_x^{1.67} * S_L^{0.5}} \right)^{.375}$$

Q	0.56 cfs
n	0.012
k _u	0.56
S _x	0.03
S _L	0.017
T	<u>3.67</u> ft

SDMH-C3

$$T = \left(\frac{Q * n}{k_u * S_x^{1.67} * S_L^{0.5}} \right)^{.375}$$

Q	4.41 cfs
n	0.012
k _u	0.56
S _x	0.028
S _L	0.03
T	<u>7.57</u> ft

SDMH-C4

$$T = \left(\frac{Q \cdot n}{k_u \cdot S_x^{1.67} \cdot S_L^{0.5}} \right)^{.375}$$

Q	0.62 cfs
n	0.012
k _u	0.56
S _x	0.03
S _L	0.03
T	<u>3.47</u> ft

SDMH-C5

$$T = \left(\frac{Q \cdot n}{k_u \cdot S_x^{1.67} \cdot S_L^{0.5}} \right)^{.375}$$

Q	3.42 cfs
n	0.012
k _u	0.56
S _x	0.028
S _L	0.03
T	<u>6.80</u> ft

SDMH-C6

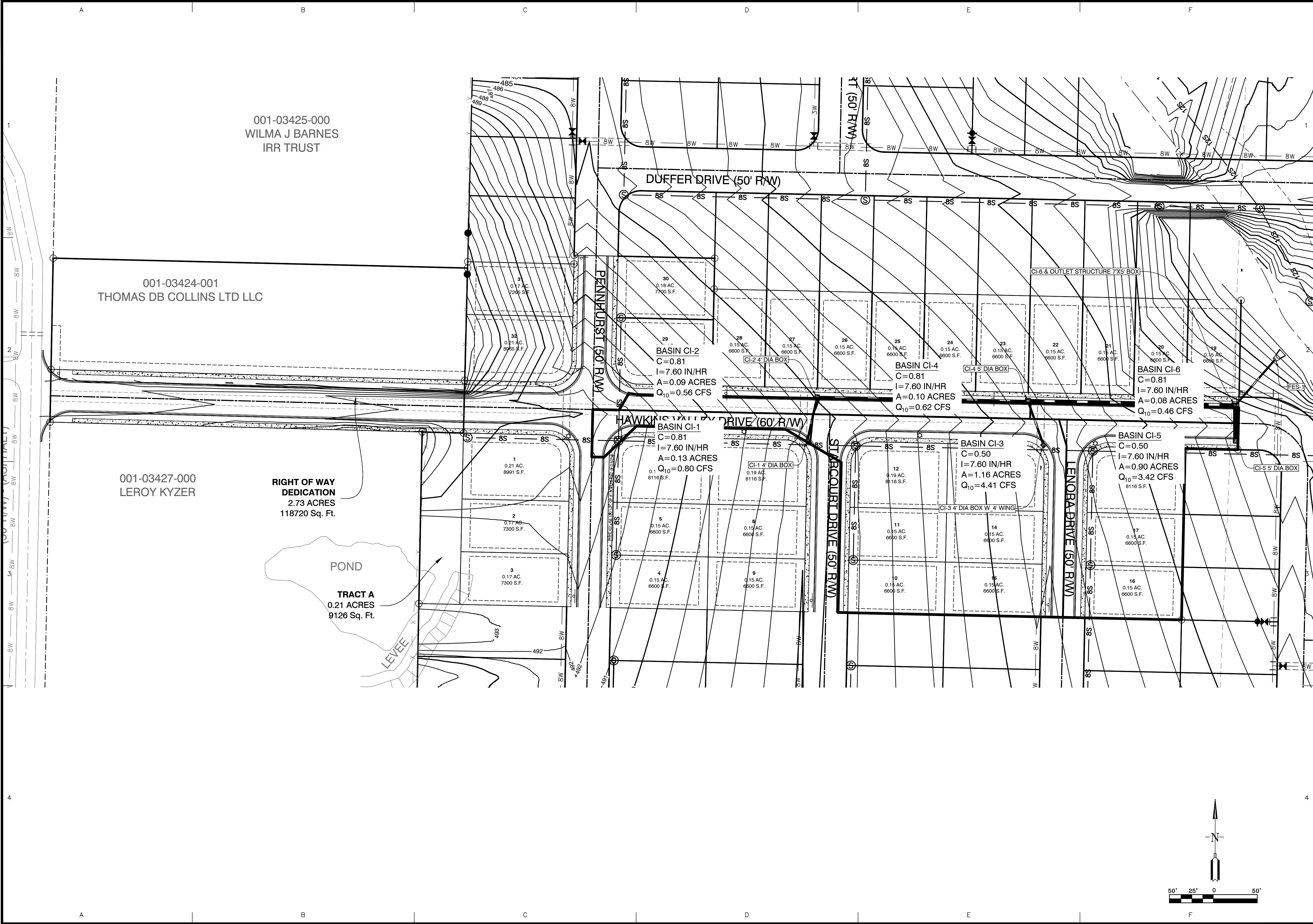
$$T = \left(\frac{Q \cdot n}{k_u \cdot S_x^{1.67} \cdot S_L^{0.5}} \right)^{.375}$$

Q	0.46 cfs
n	0.012
k _u	0.56
S _x	0.03
S _L	0.03
T	<u>3.11</u> ft

Hawkins Valley - CURB INLETS

10-YEAR STORM

Area #	Area	I	C	Weir			Required L (ft)	Actual L (ft)	
				Q (cfs)	Q=3.0LY ^{1.5} Q (cfs)	Y (ft)			
SDMH-C1	0.13	7.60	0.81	0.80	0.80	0.49	0.78	4	4' box
SDMH-C2	0.09	7.60	0.81	0.56	0.56	0.49	0.54	4	4' box
SDMH-C3	1.16	7.60	0.50	4.41	4.41	0.49	4.28	4	4' box with 4' wing
SDMH-C4	0.10	7.60	0.81	0.62	0.62	0.49	0.60	5	5' box
SDMH-C5	0.90	7.60	0.50	3.42	3.42	0.49	3.32	5	5' box
SDMH-C6	0.08	7.60	0.81	0.46	0.46	0.49	0.45	5	5' box

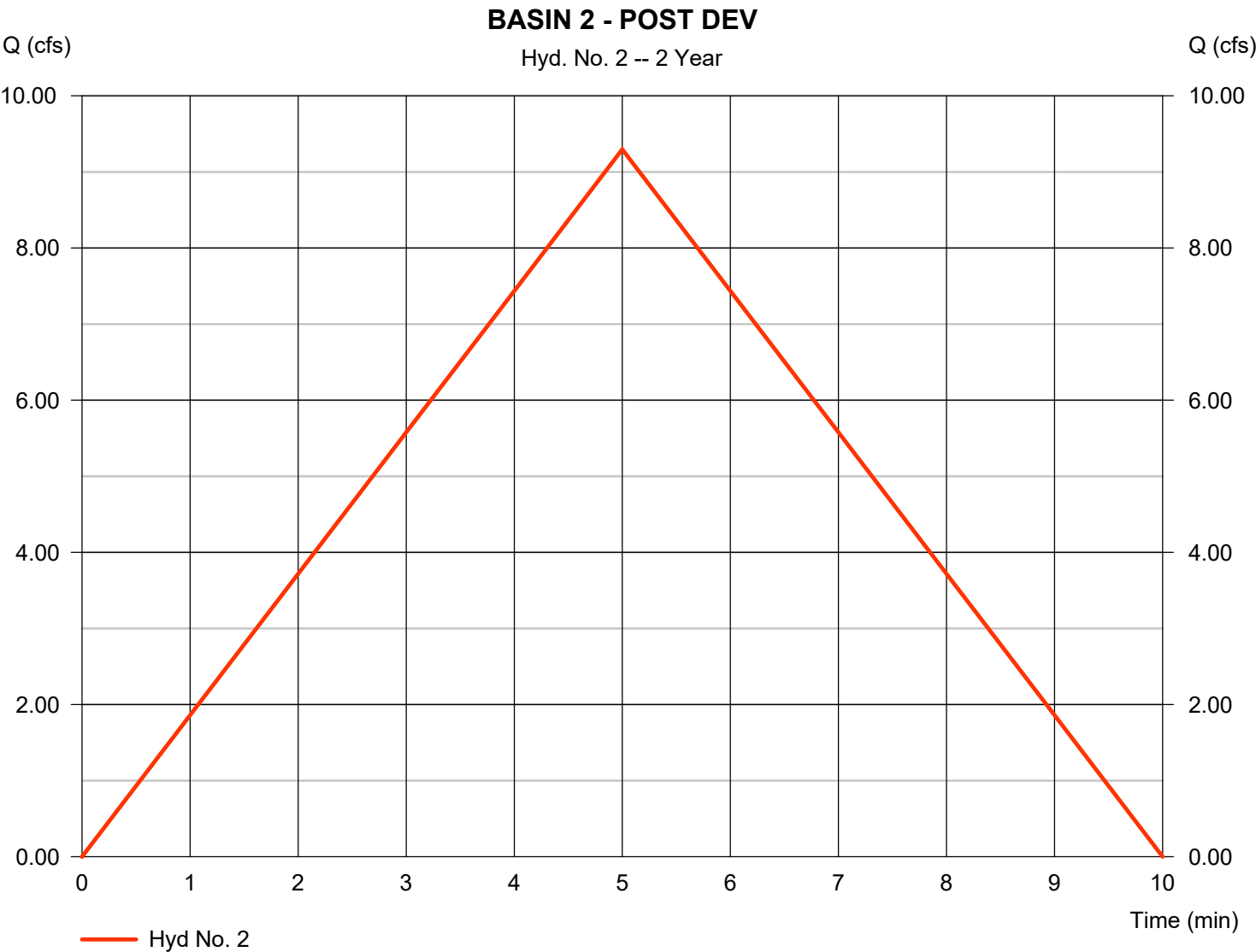


Hydrograph Report

Hyd. No. 2

BASIN 2 - POST DEV

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 9.296 cfs
Storm frequency	= 2 yrs	Time to peak	= 5 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 2,789 cuft
Drainage area	= 2.290 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.7
Intensity	= 5.799 in/hr	Tc by User	= 5.00 min
IDF Curve	= BRYANT IDF.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1

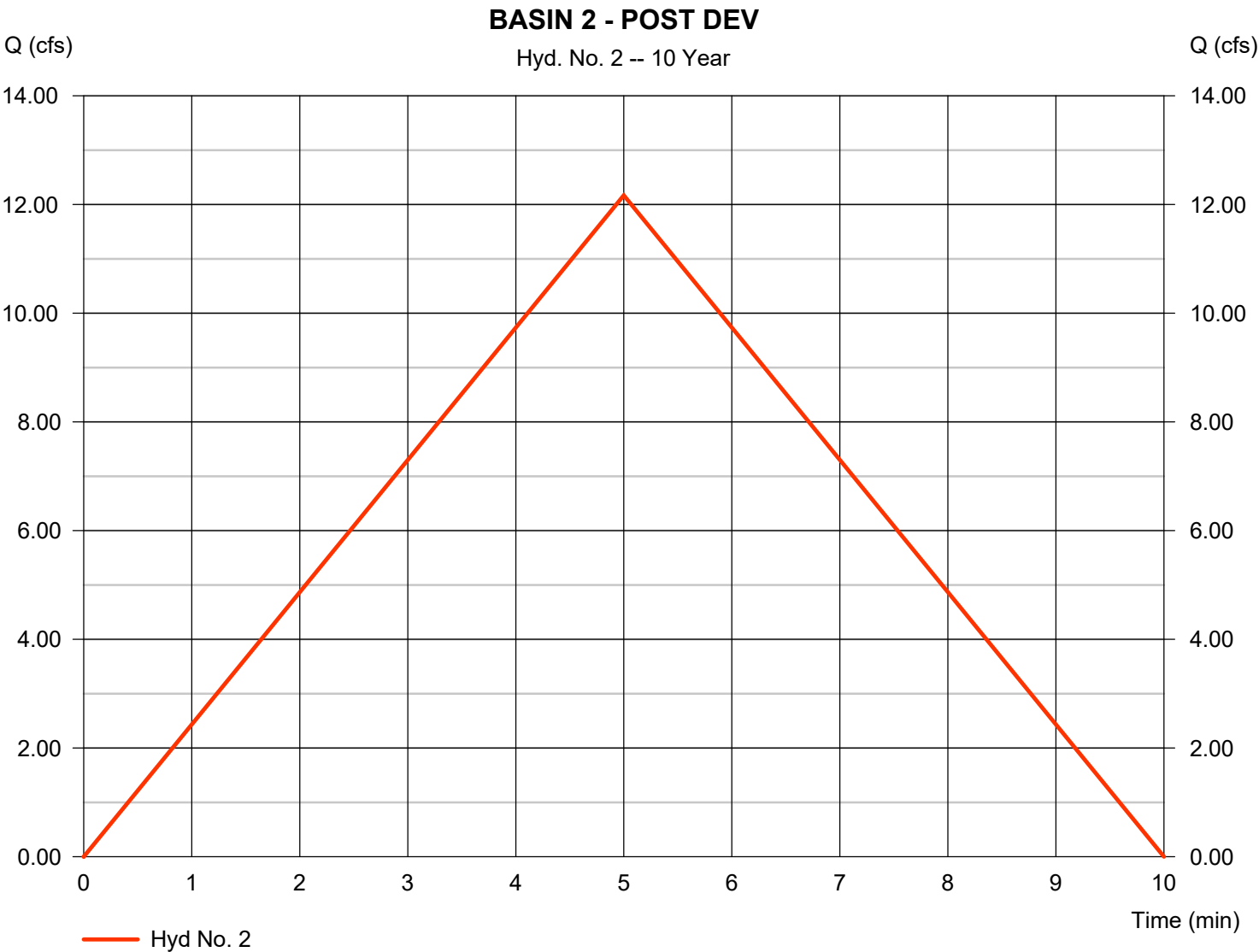


Hydrograph Report

Hyd. No. 2

BASIN 2 - POST DEV

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 12.17 cfs
Storm frequency	= 10 yrs	Time to peak	= 5 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 3,651 cuft
Drainage area	= 2.290 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.7
Intensity	= 7.592 in/hr	Tc by User	= 5.00 min
IDF Curve	= BRYANT IDF.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1

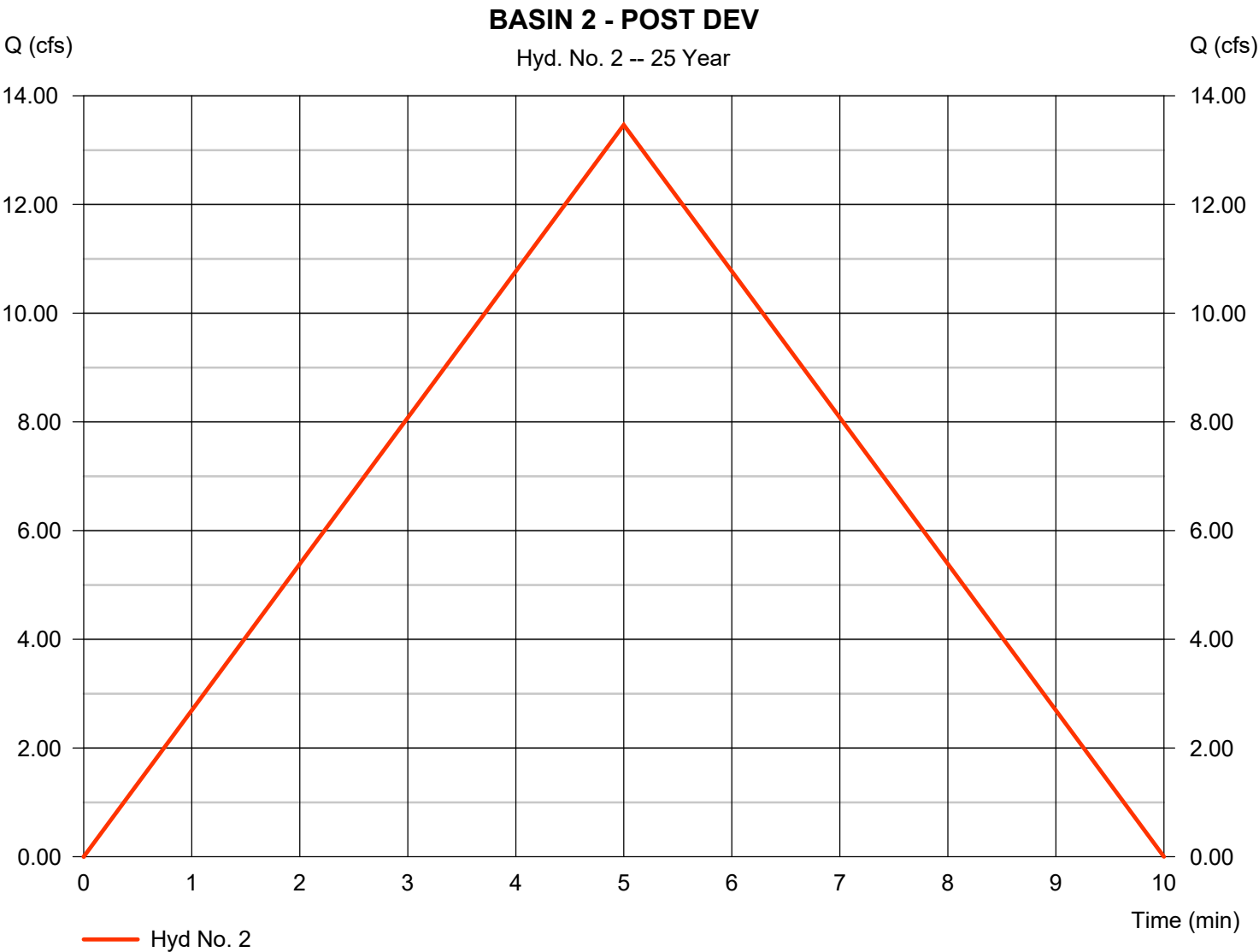


Hydrograph Report

Hyd. No. 2

BASIN 2 - POST DEV

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 13.46 cfs
Storm frequency	= 25 yrs	Time to peak	= 5 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 4,039 cuft
Drainage area	= 2.290 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.7
Intensity	= 8.400 in/hr	Tc by User	= 5.00 min
IDF Curve	= BRYANT IDF.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1

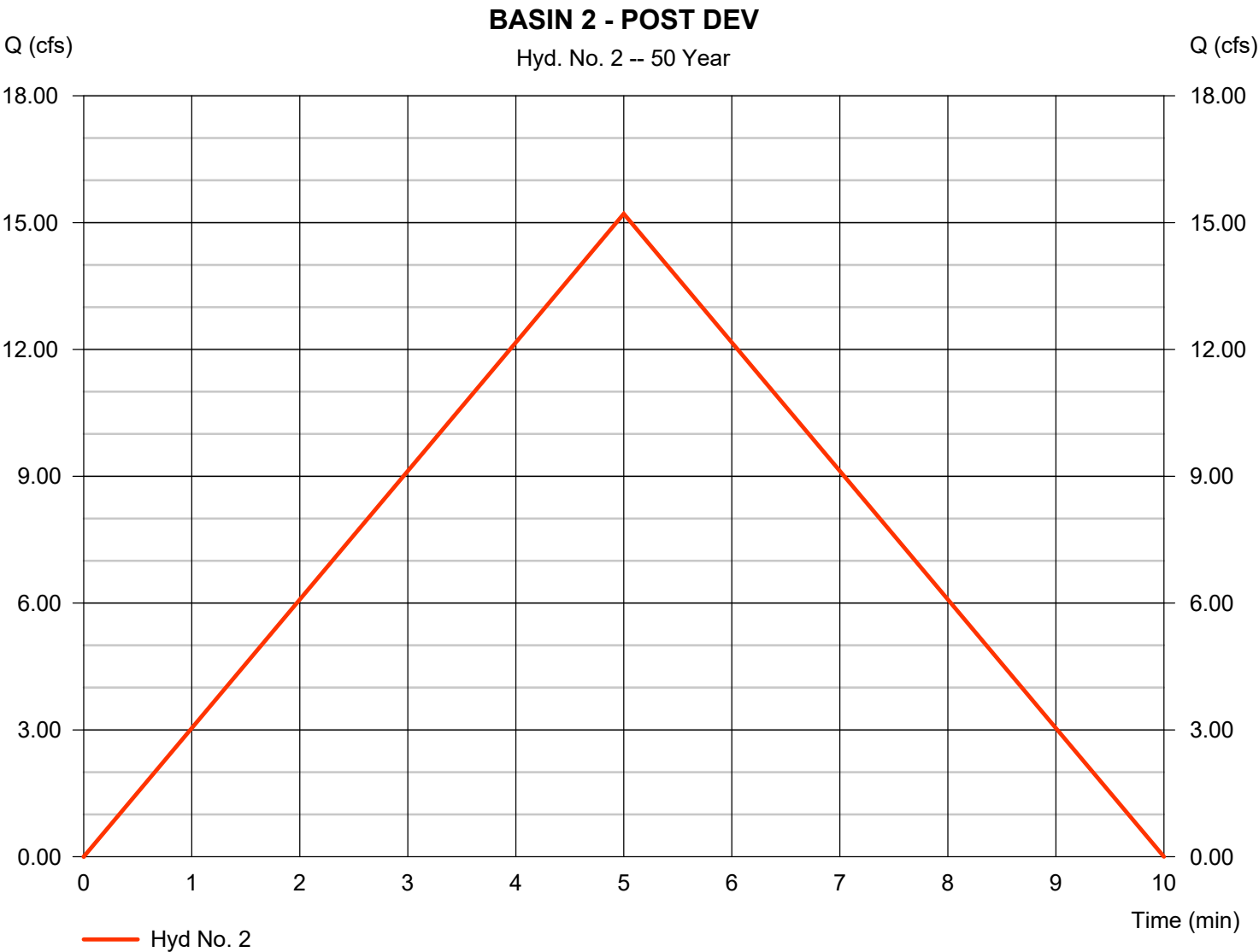


Hydrograph Report

Hyd. No. 2

BASIN 2 - POST DEV

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 15.21 cfs
Storm frequency	= 50 yrs	Time to peak	= 5 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 4,562 cuft
Drainage area	= 2.290 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.7
Intensity	= 9.487 in/hr	Tc by User	= 5.00 min
IDF Curve	= BRYANT IDF.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1

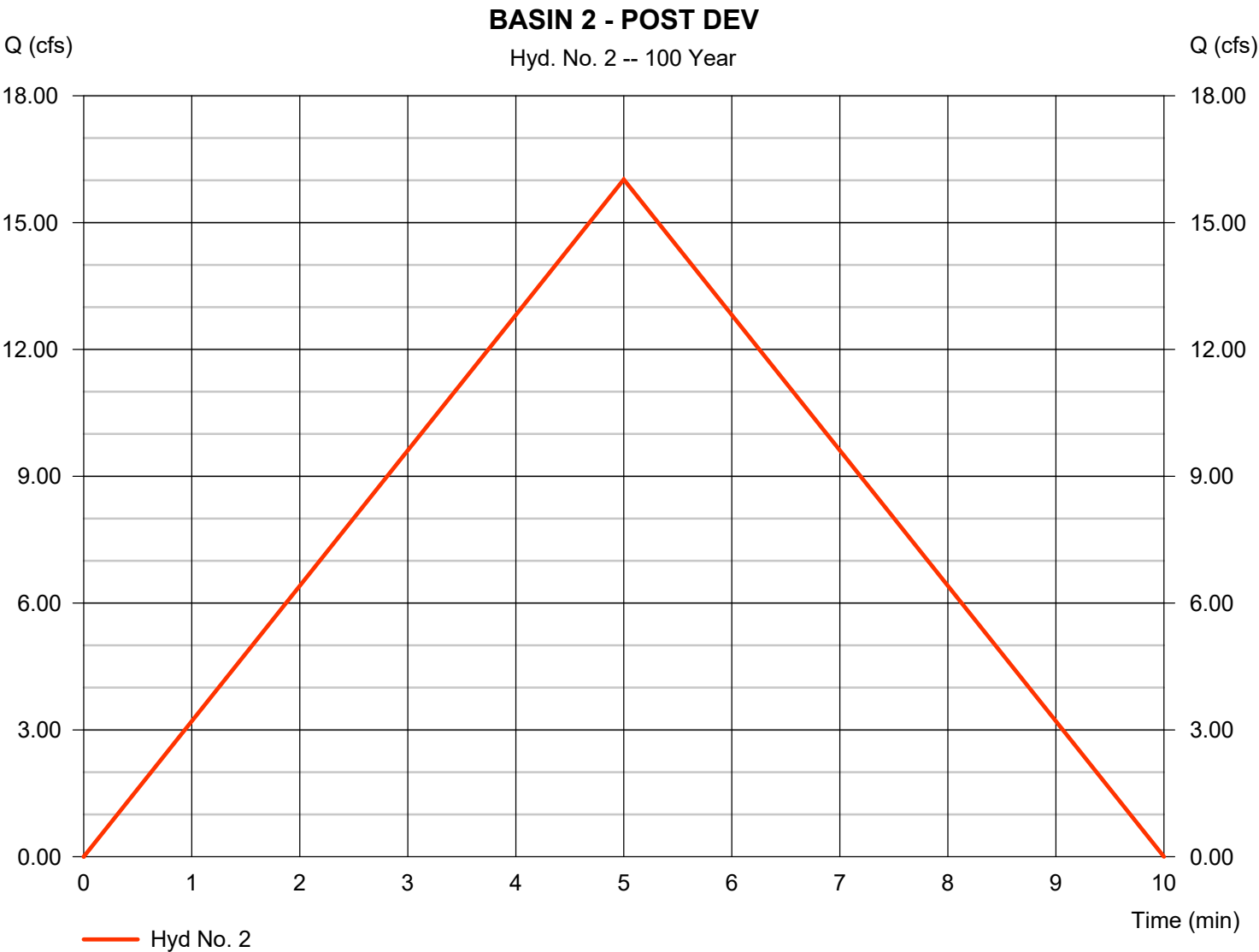


Hydrograph Report

Hyd. No. 2

BASIN 2 - POST DEV

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 16.02 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time to peak	= 5 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 4,806 cuft
Drainage area	= 2.290 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.7
Intensity	= 9.994 in/hr	Tc by User	= 5.00 min
IDF Curve	= BRYANT IDF.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1



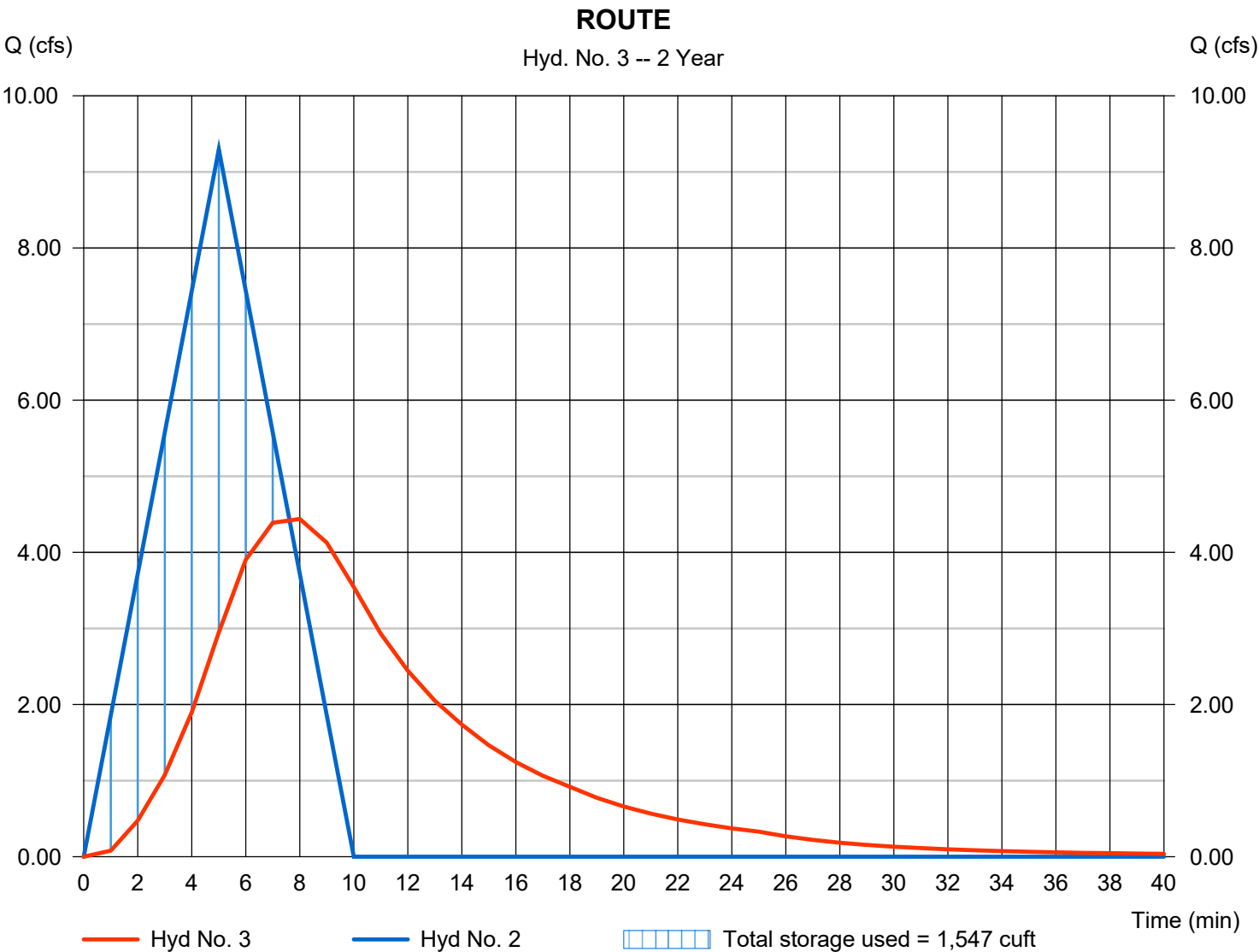
Hydrograph Report

Hyd. No. 3

ROUTE

Hydrograph type	= Reservoir	Peak discharge	= 4.438 cfs
Storm frequency	= 2 yrs	Time to peak	= 8 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 2,787 cuft
Inflow hyd. No.	= 2 - BASIN 2 - POST DEV	Max. Elevation	= 467.49 ft
Reservoir name	= 42 INCH UGD POND	Max. Storage	= 1,547 cuft

Storage Indication method used.



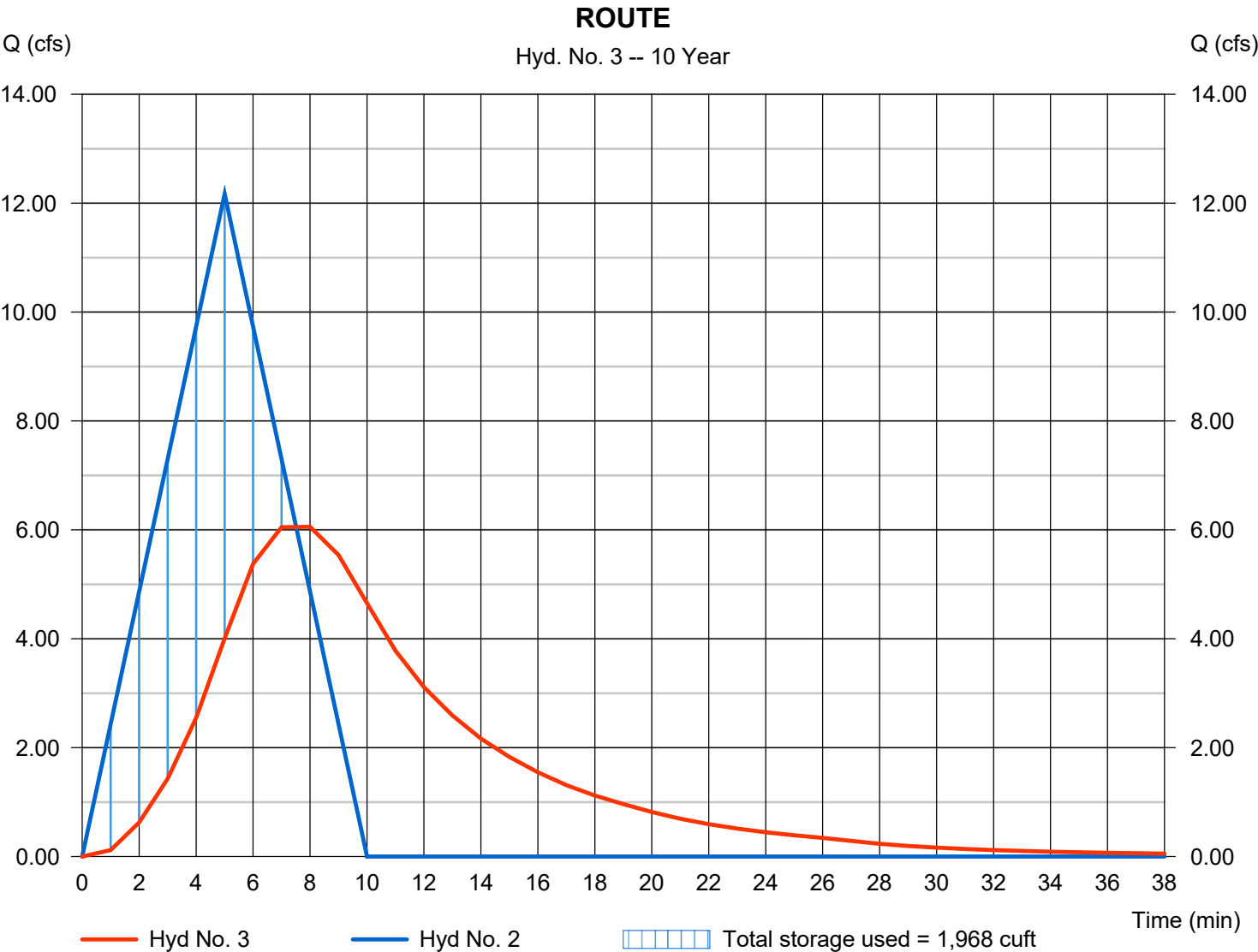
Hydrograph Report

Hyd. No. 3

ROUTE

Hydrograph type	= Reservoir	Peak discharge	= 6.056 cfs
Storm frequency	= 10 yrs	Time to peak	= 8 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 3,649 cuft
Inflow hyd. No.	= 2 - BASIN 2 - POST DEV	Max. Elevation	= 467.95 ft
Reservoir name	= 42 INCH UGD POND	Max. Storage	= 1,968 cuft

Storage Indication method used.



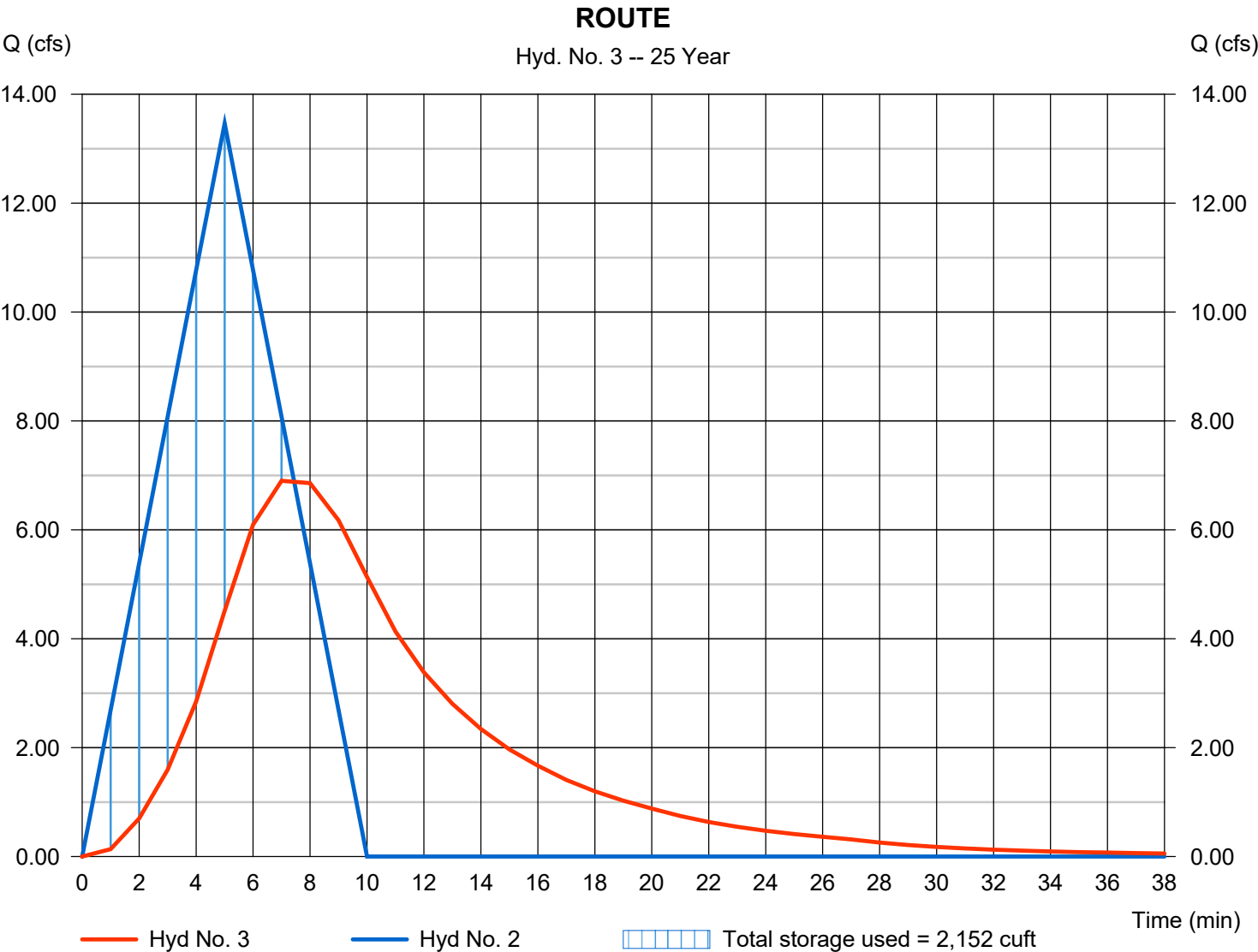
Hydrograph Report

Hyd. No. 3

ROUTE

Hydrograph type	= Reservoir	Peak discharge	= 6.901 cfs
Storm frequency	= 25 yrs	Time to peak	= 7 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 4,038 cuft
Inflow hyd. No.	= 2 - BASIN 2 - POST DEV	Max. Elevation	= 468.18 ft
Reservoir name	= 42 INCH UGD POND	Max. Storage	= 2,152 cuft

Storage Indication method used.



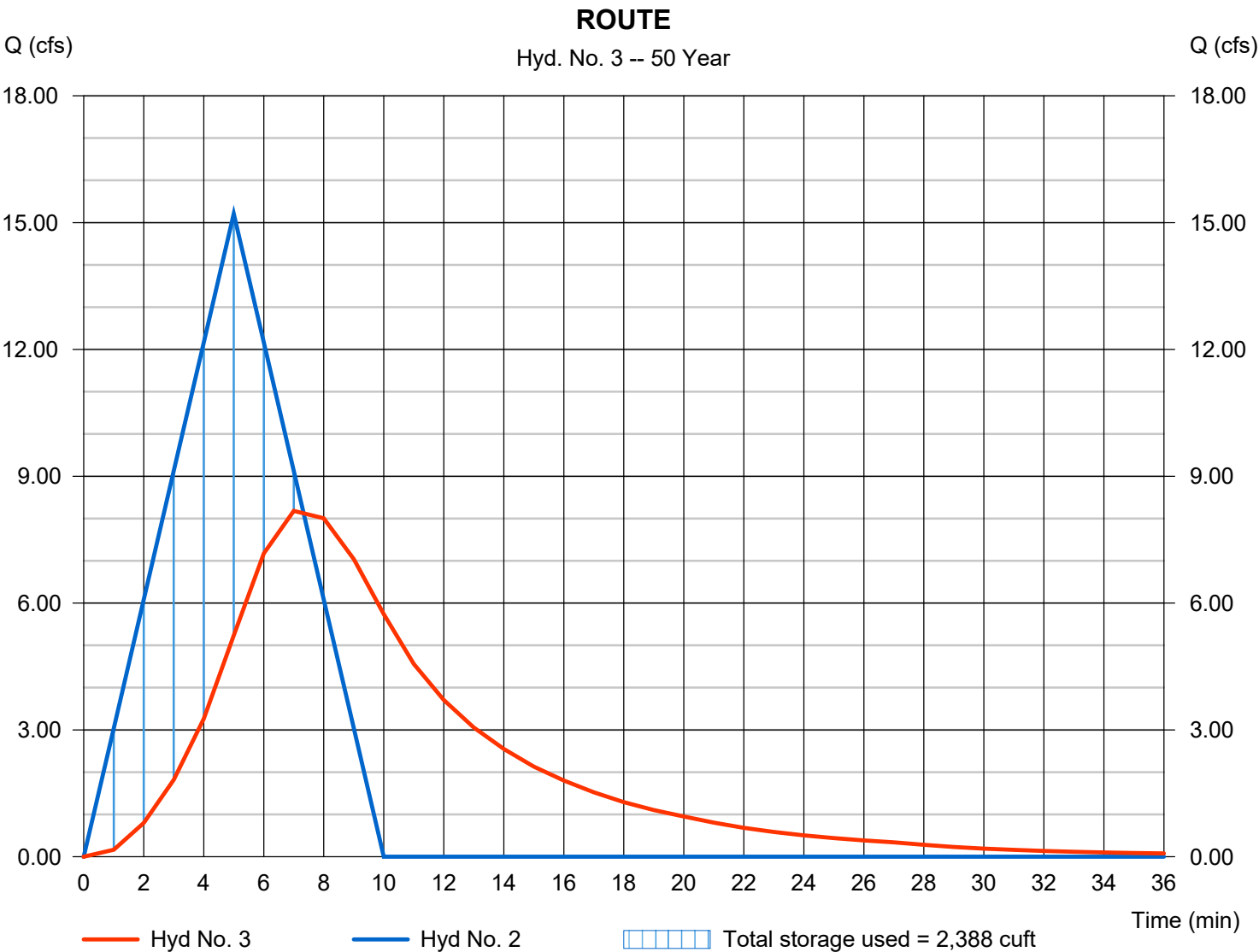
Hydrograph Report

Hyd. No. 3

ROUTE

Hydrograph type	= Reservoir	Peak discharge	= 8.181 cfs
Storm frequency	= 50 yrs	Time to peak	= 7 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 4,561 cuft
Inflow hyd. No.	= 2 - BASIN 2 - POST DEV	Max. Elevation	= 468.50 ft
Reservoir name	= 42 INCH UGD POND	Max. Storage	= 2,388 cuft

Storage Indication method used.



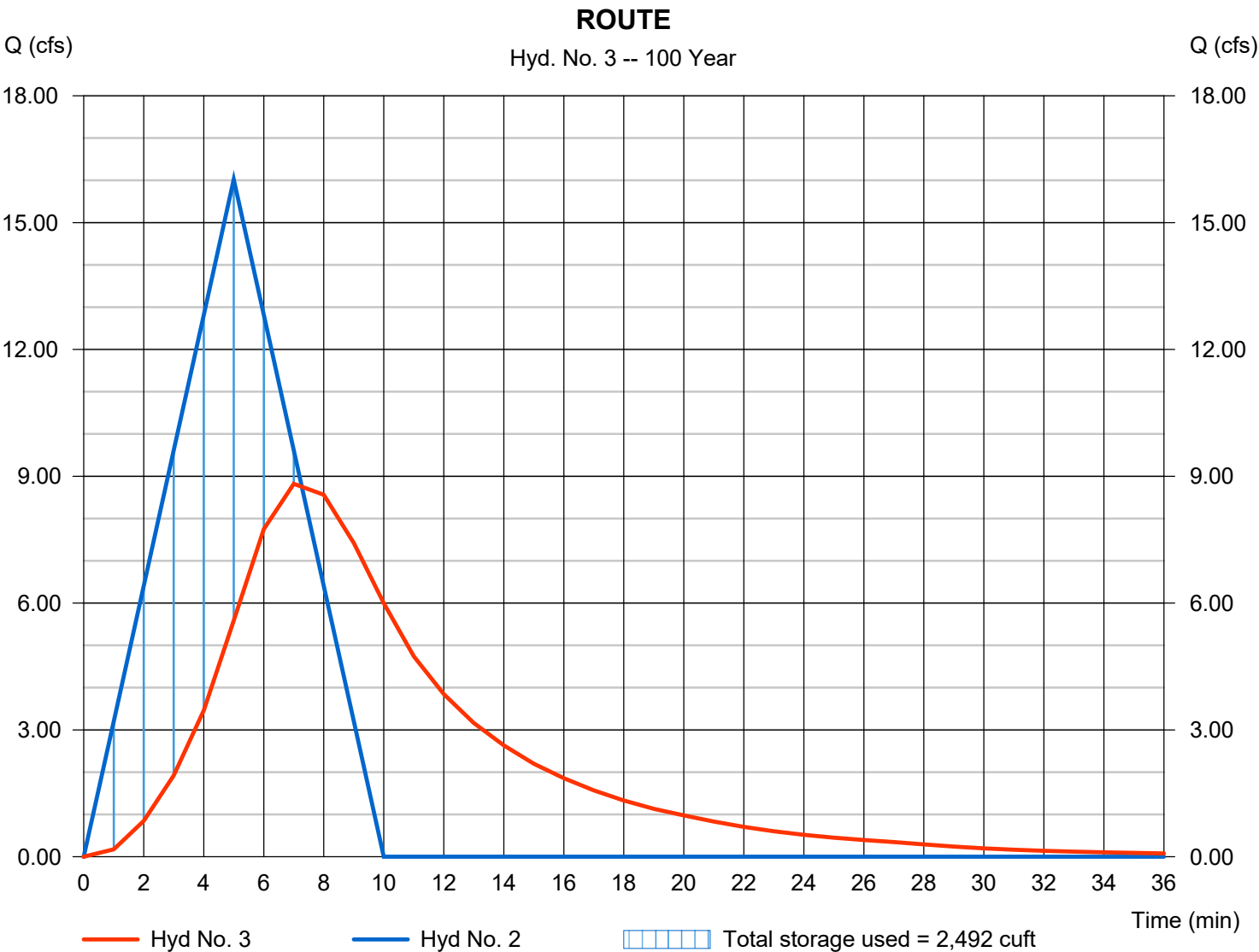
Hydrograph Report

Hyd. No. 3

ROUTE

Hydrograph type	= Reservoir	Peak discharge	= 8.820 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time to peak	= 7 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 4,805 cuft
Inflow hyd. No.	= 2 - BASIN 2 - POST DEV	Max. Elevation	= 468.65 ft
Reservoir name	= 42 INCH UGD POND	Max. Storage	= 2,492 cuft

Storage Indication method used.



Pond Report

Pond No. 1 - 42 INCH UGD POND

Pond Data

UG Chambers -Invert elev. = 465.50 ft, Rise x Span = 3.50 x 3.50 ft, Barrel Len = 273.00 ft, No. Barrels = 1, Slope = 0.00%, Headers = No

Stage / Storage Table

Stage (ft)	Elevation (ft)	Contour area (sqft)	Incr. Storage (cuft)	Total storage (cuft)
0.00	465.50	n/a	0	0
0.35	465.85	n/a	137	137
0.70	466.20	n/a	237	374
1.05	466.55	n/a	289	663
1.40	466.90	n/a	318	981
1.75	467.25	n/a	332	1,314
2.10	467.60	n/a	332	1,646
2.45	467.95	n/a	318	1,964
2.80	468.30	n/a	289	2,253
3.15	468.65	n/a	237	2,491
3.50	469.00	n/a	137	2,627

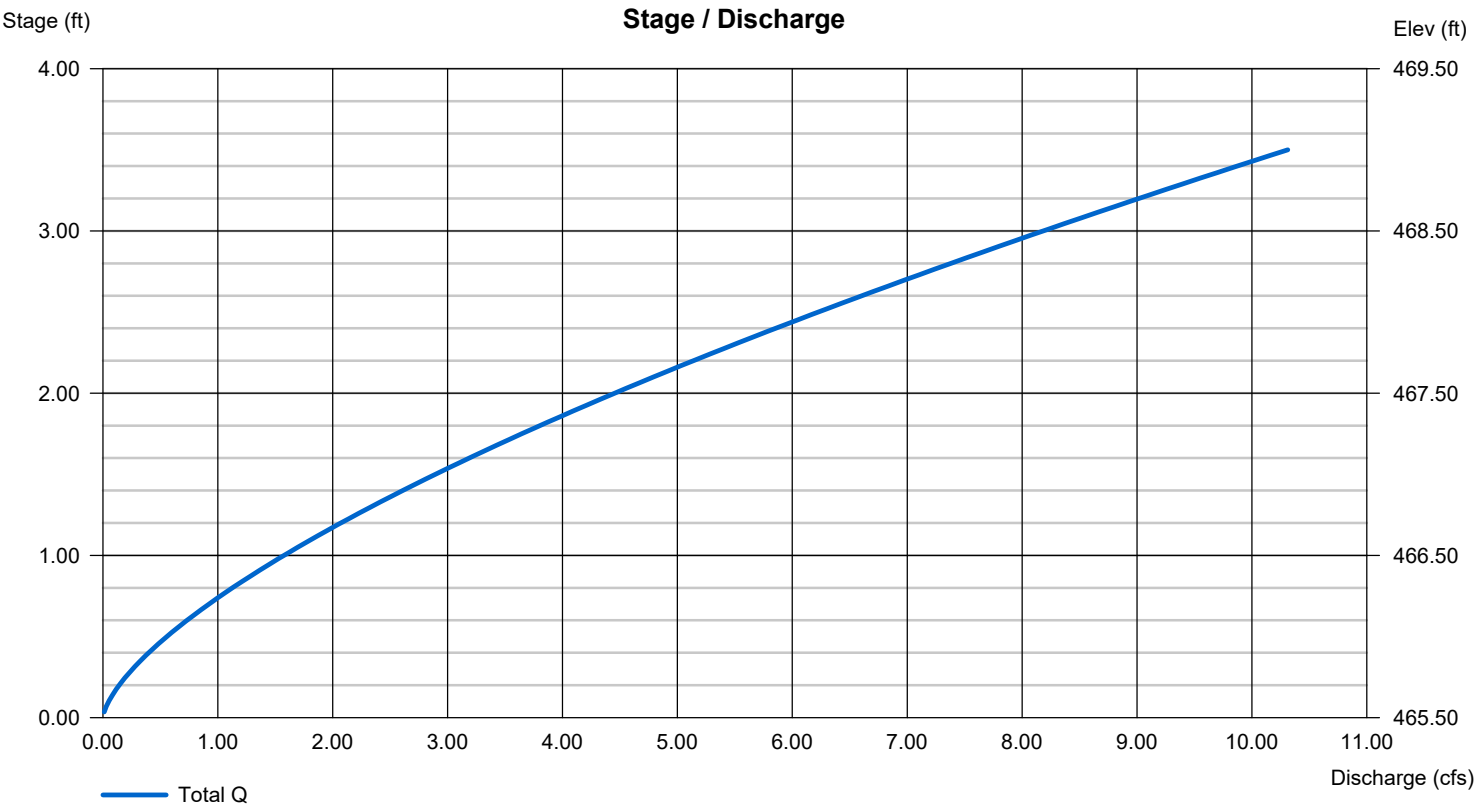
Culvert / Orifice Structures

	[A]	[B]	[C]	[PrfRsr]
Rise (in)	= 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Span (in)	= 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
No. Barrels	= 0	0	0	0
Invert El. (ft)	= 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Length (ft)	= 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Slope (%)	= 0.00	0.00	0.00	n/a
N-Value	= .013	.013	.013	n/a
Orifice Coeff.	= 0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60
Multi-Stage	= n/a	No	No	No

Weir Structures

	[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]
Crest Len (ft)	= 0.63	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crest El. (ft)	= 465.50	0.00	0.00	0.00
Weir Coeff.	= 2.50	3.33	3.33	3.33
Weir Type	= Rect	---	---	---
Multi-Stage	= No	No	No	No
Exfil.(in/hr)	= 0.000 (by Wet area)			
TW Elev. (ft)	= 0.00			

Note: Culvert/Orifice outflows are analyzed under inlet (ic) and outlet (oc) control. Weir risers checked for orifice conditions (ic) and submergence (s).



Pond Report

Pond No. 1 - 42 INCH UGD POND

Pond Data

UG Chambers -Invert elev. = 465.50 ft, Rise x Span = 3.50 x 3.50 ft, Barrel Len = 273.00 ft, No. Barrels = 1, Slope = 0.00%, Headers = No

Stage / Storage Table

Stage (ft)	Elevation (ft)	Contour area (sqft)	Incr. Storage (cuft)	Total storage (cuft)
0.00	465.50	n/a	0	0
0.35	465.85	n/a	137	137
0.70	466.20	n/a	237	374
1.05	466.55	n/a	289	663
1.40	466.90	n/a	318	981
1.75	467.25	n/a	332	1,314
2.10	467.60	n/a	332	1,646
2.45	467.95	n/a	318	1,964
2.80	468.30	n/a	289	2,253
3.15	468.65	n/a	237	2,491
3.50	469.00	n/a	137	2,627

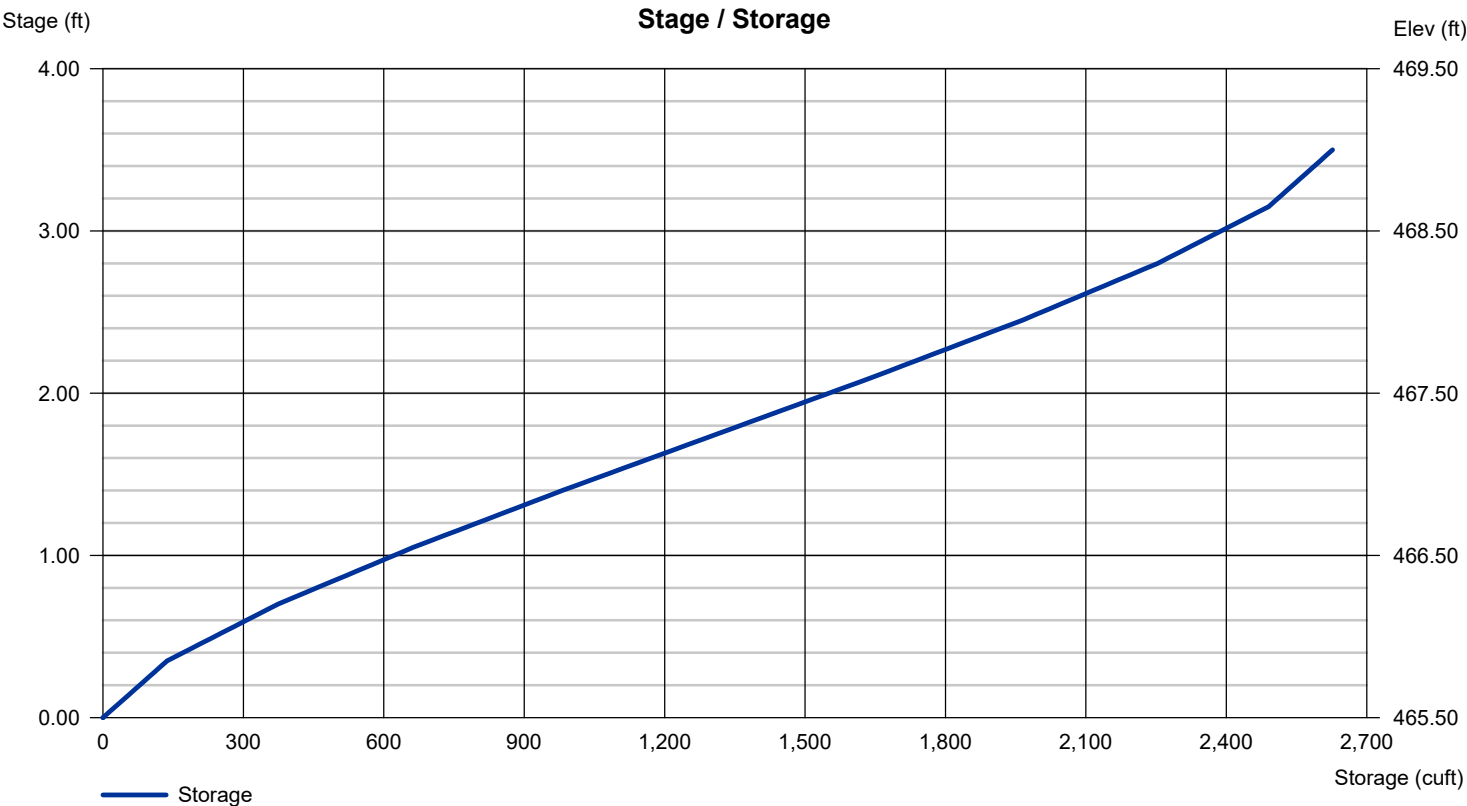
Culvert / Orifice Structures

	[A]	[B]	[C]	[PrfRsr]
Rise (in)	= 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Span (in)	= 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
No. Barrels	= 0	0	0	0
Invert El. (ft)	= 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Length (ft)	= 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Slope (%)	= 0.00	0.00	0.00	n/a
N-Value	= .013	.013	.013	n/a
Orifice Coeff.	= 0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60
Multi-Stage	= n/a	No	No	No

Weir Structures

	[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]
Crest Len (ft)	= 0.63	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crest El. (ft)	= 465.50	0.00	0.00	0.00
Weir Coeff.	= 2.50	3.33	3.33	3.33
Weir Type	= Rect	---	---	---
Multi-Stage	= No	No	No	No
Exfil.(in/hr)	= 0.000 (by Wet area)			
TW Elev. (ft)	= 0.00			

Note: Culvert/Orifice outflows are analyzed under inlet (ic) and outlet (oc) control. Weir risers checked for orifice conditions (ic) and submergence (s).



Weir Report

Weir

Rectangular Weir

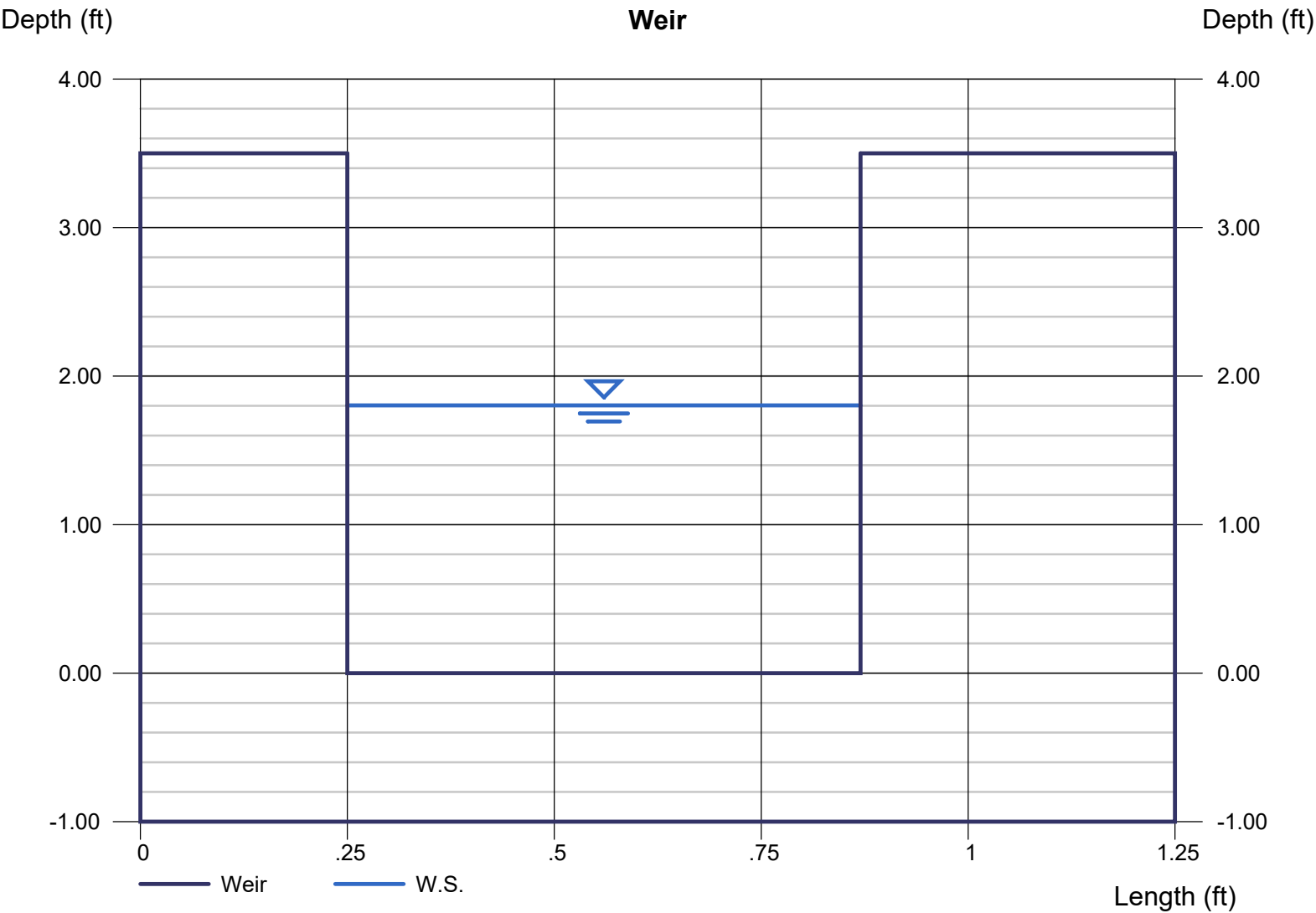
Crest = Broad
Bottom Length (ft) = 0.62
Total Depth (ft) = 3.50

Calculations

Weir Coeff. Cw = 2.50
Compute by: Known Q
Known Q (cfs) = 3.75

Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 1.80
Q (cfs) = 3.750
Area (sqft) = 1.12
Velocity (ft/s) = 3.36
Top Width (ft) = 0.62



Weir Report

Weir

Rectangular Weir

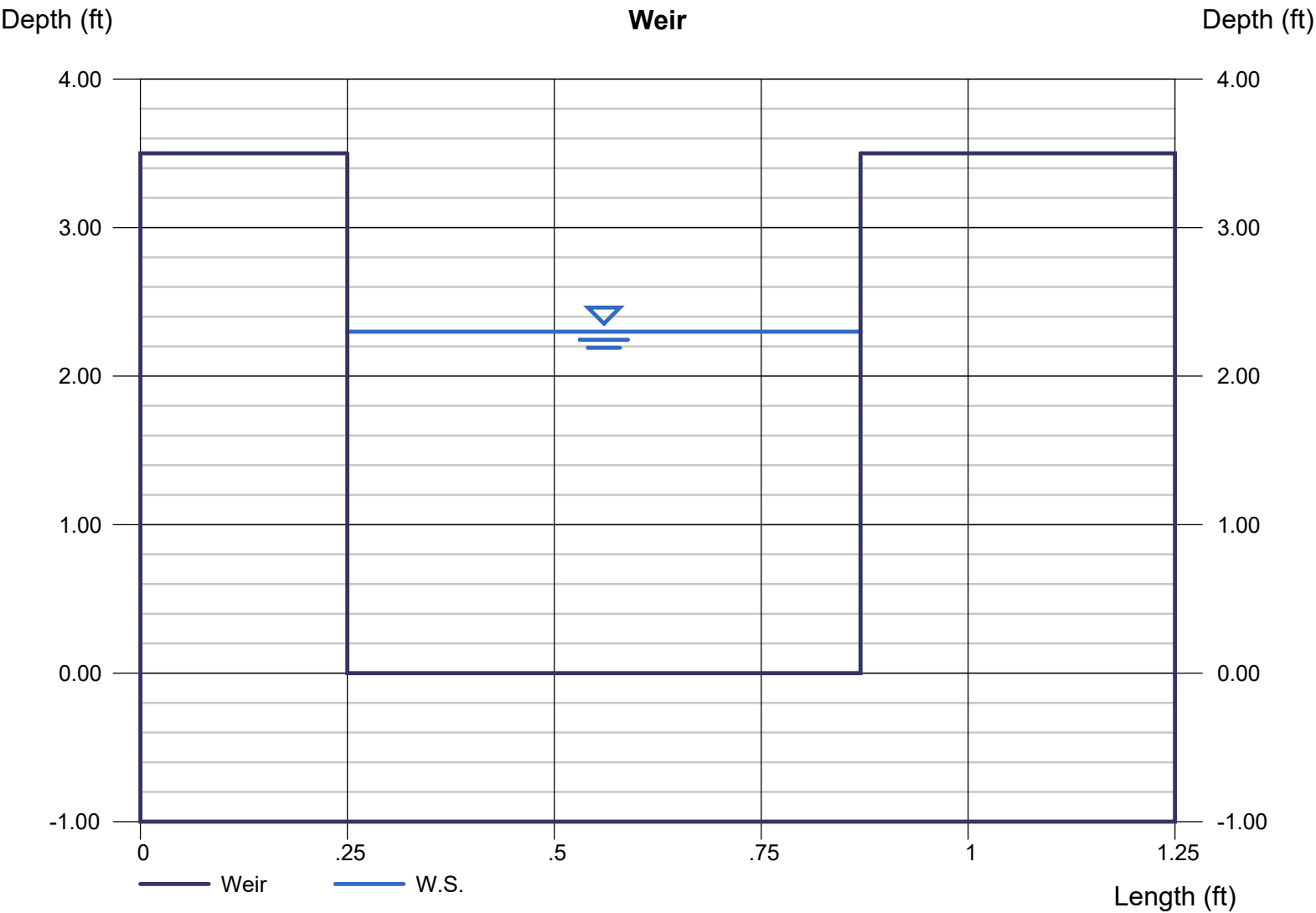
Crest = Broad
Bottom Length (ft) = 0.62
Total Depth (ft) = 3.50

Calculations

Weir Coeff. Cw = 2.50
Compute by: Known Q
Known Q (cfs) = 5.40

Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 2.30
Q (cfs) = 5.400
Area (sqft) = 1.43
Velocity (ft/s) = 3.79
Top Width (ft) = 0.62



Weir Report

Weir

Rectangular Weir

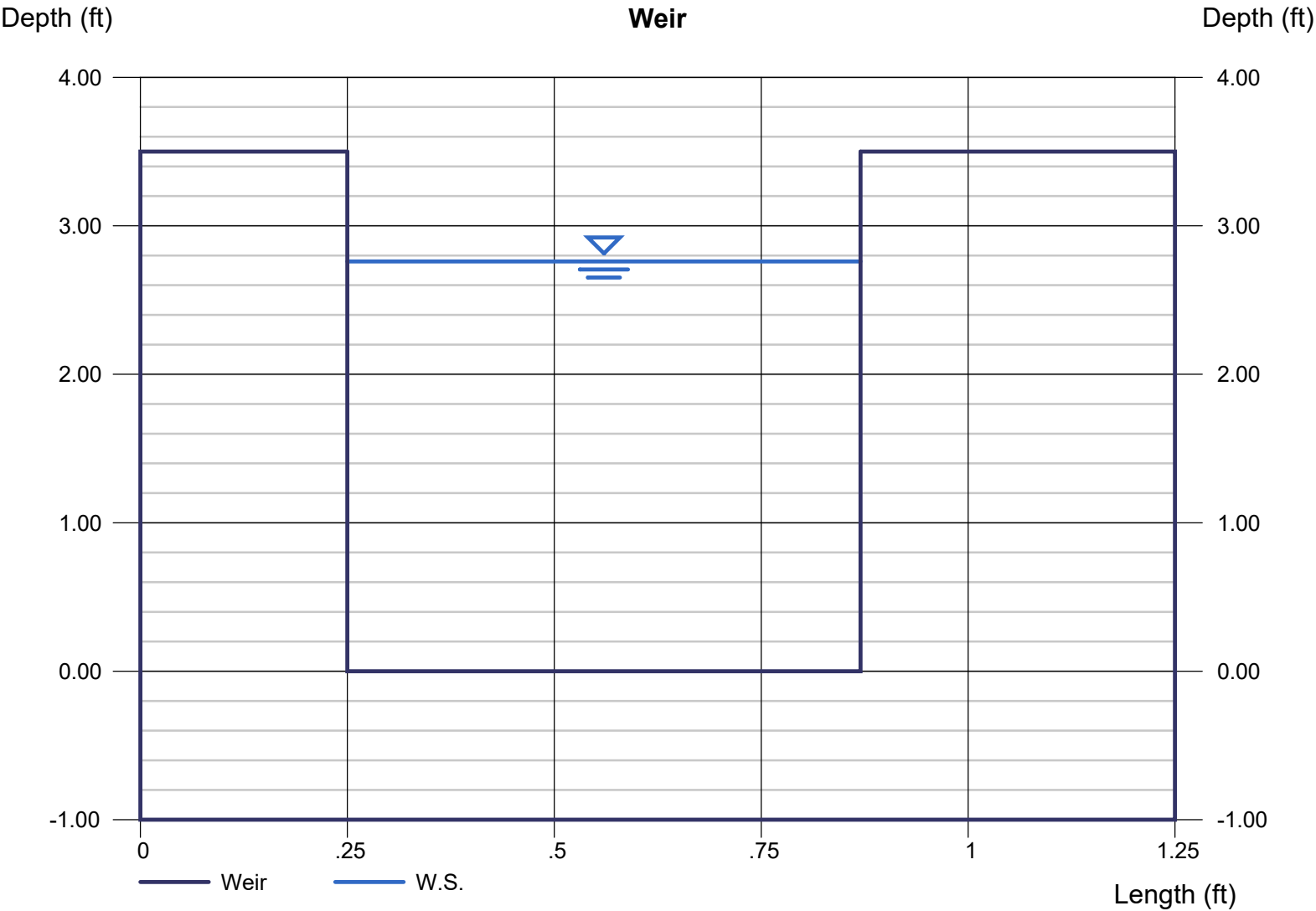
Crest = Broad
Bottom Length (ft) = 0.62
Total Depth (ft) = 3.50

Calculations

Weir Coeff. Cw = 2.50
Compute by: Known Q
Known Q (cfs) = 7.10

Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 2.76
Q (cfs) = 7.100
Area (sqft) = 1.71
Velocity (ft/s) = 4.15
Top Width (ft) = 0.62



Weir Report

Weir

Rectangular Weir

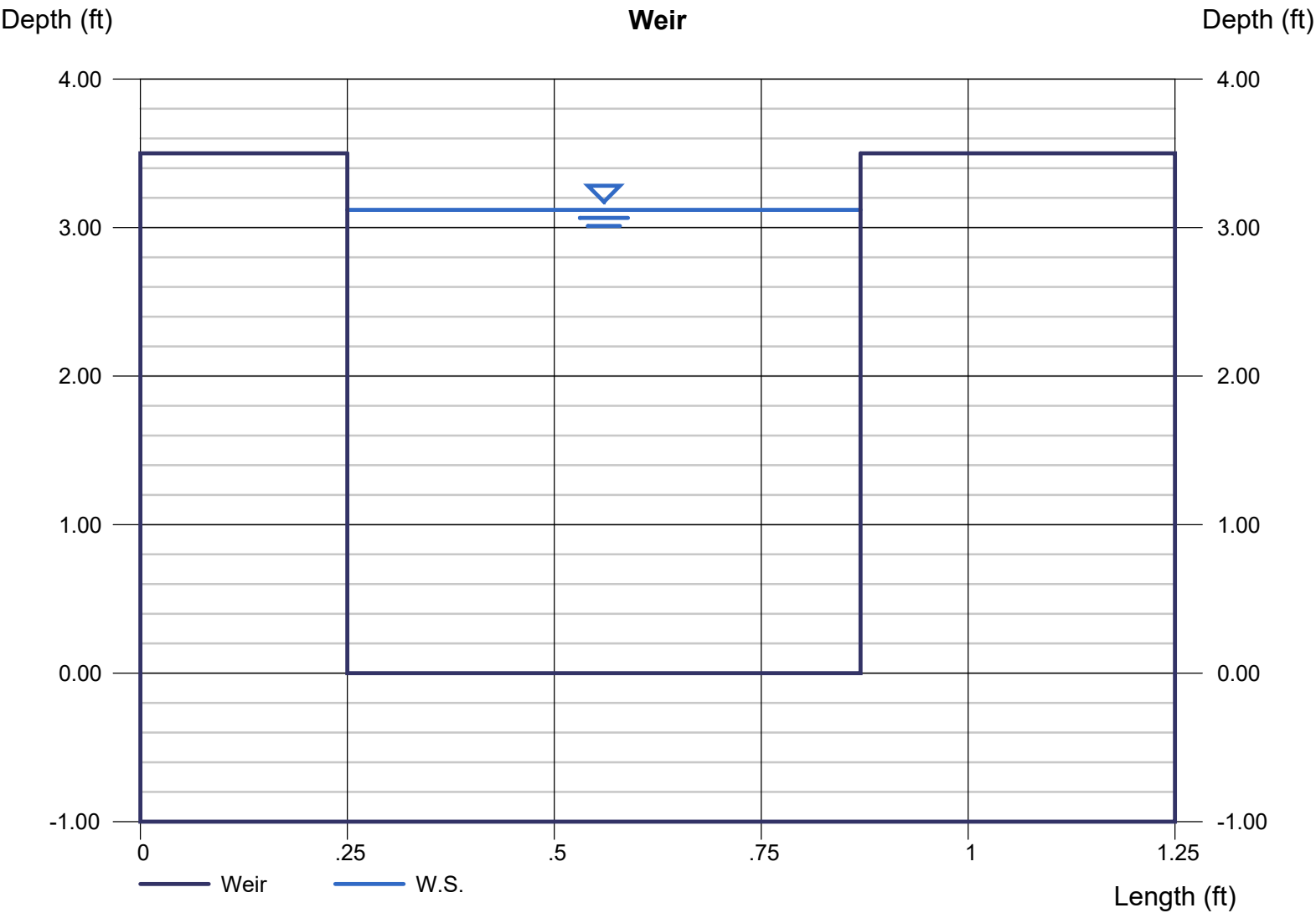
Crest = Broad
Bottom Length (ft) = 0.62
Total Depth (ft) = 3.50

Calculations

Weir Coeff. Cw = 2.50
Compute by: Known Q
Known Q (cfs) = 8.53

Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 3.12
Q (cfs) = 8.530
Area (sqft) = 1.93
Velocity (ft/s) = 4.41
Top Width (ft) = 0.62



Weir Report

Weir

Rectangular Weir

Crest = Broad
Bottom Length (ft) = 0.62
Total Depth (ft) = 3.50

Calculations

Weir Coeff. Cw = 2.50
Compute by: Known Q
Known Q (cfs) = 10.12

Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 3.50
Q (cfs) = 10.12
Area (sqft) = 2.17
Velocity (ft/s) = 4.67
Top Width (ft) = 0.62

